# Advanced Points on Classes

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W7S01





- Sharing state between instances of a class
- Instance variables of classes
- Class initialization

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# **Sharing State?**

How do you share state between instances of a class?

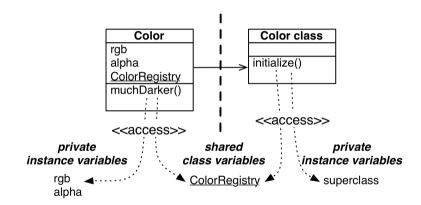
- in Java, an "instance" variable can be static
- in Pharo, we use class variables

```
Object subclass: #Color instanceVariableNames: 'rgb cachedDepth...' classVariableNames: 'ColorRegistry ComponentMask...' package: 'Graphics—Primitives'
```

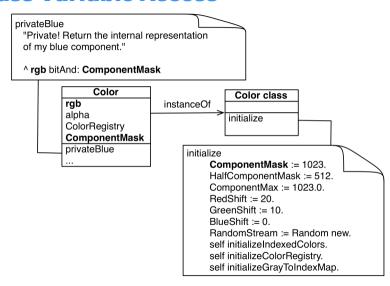
#### **Class Variables**

- shared by the instances of the class and subclasses
- accessible from instance and class methods
- start with an uppercase letter

#### **Class Variable Access**



## **Class Variable Access**



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## **Class Instance Variables**

A class can have instance variables like any object

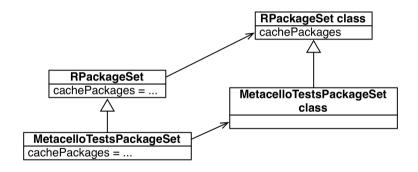
- a class is an instance of a class (its metaclass)
- a metaclass can specify class instance variables

RPackageSet class instanceVariableNames: 'cachePackages'

- accessible from class methods only
- start with a lowercase letter

# **No Sharing with Class Instance Variables**

Each instance has a different value for cachePackages



# **Singleton Design Pattern**

- Intent: Enforce that a class has only one instance
- A solution: Keep the instance in a variable of the class

## Singleton with a Class Instance Variable

# WebServer class instanceVariableNames: 'uniqueInstance'

WebServer class >> new self error: 'Can''t create a new instance'

#### Consequence:

- each subclass has its own value for uniqueInstance
  - each subclass of WebServer has its own singleton

## Singleton with a Class Variable

```
Object subclass: #WebServer instanceVariableNames: '' classVariableNames: 'UniqueInstance' package: 'Web'
```

WebServer class >> new self error: 'Can''t create a new instance'

WebServer class >> uniqueInstance
^ UniqueInstance
ifNil: [ UniqueInstance := super new ]

#### Consequence:

- only one singleton for the complete class hierarchy
  - class variable values are shared



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#### **Class Initialization**

- Everything is an object
- An object is initialized at creation time
- Classes are objects too

How and when are classes initialized?

## **Class Initialization**

#### A class is initialized

- at load time after its methods are loaded
- or explicitly by the programmer:

**Color** initialize

## **Color Initialization**

#### Color class >> initialize

"Externally, the red, green, and blue components of color are floats in the range [0.0..1.0]. Internally, they are represented as integers in the range [0..ComponentMask] packing into a small integer to save space and to allow fast hashing and equality testing."

ComponentMask := 1023.

HalfComponentMask := 512. "used to round up in integer calculations"

ComponentMax := 1023.0. "used to normalize components" RedShift := 20.

GreenShift := 10.

BlueShift := 0.

self initializeIndexedColors.

 ${\color{red} \textbf{self initialize}} \textbf{ColorRegistry}.$ 

self initializeGrayToIndexMap.



# Warning

- don't write super initialize in a class initialize method
  - o this will initialize superclasses that are already initialized

#### **What You Should Know**

- state is shared between instances through class variables
- a class can store values in class instance variables
- a class is initialized through the class method initialize

#### A course by



and



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